EXHIBIT A CLAIMS WHEN FILED (09/700,967; 4100.001400) AND SUBJECT TO RESTRICTION REQUIREMENT

- 1. A purified protamine that is bioactive, that has a low molecular weight and that has reduced immunoresponsiveness or toxicity compared to native protamine.
- 2. The protamine of claim 1, wherein said bioactive protamine is a salmine protamine.
- 3. The protamine of claim 1, wherein said bioactive protamine is a clupeine protamine.
- 4. (Amended) The protamine of claim 1, wherein said bioactive protamine has a molecular weight of between about 400 and about 2500 Daltons.
- 5. The protamine of claim 4, wherein said bioactive protamine has a molecular weight of between about 450 and about 1500 Daltons.
- 6. The protamine of claim 5, wherein said bioactive protamine has a molecular weight of between about 500 and about 1350 Daltons.
- 7. The protamine of claim 6, wherein said bioactive protamine has a molecular weight of between about 1100 and about 1300 Daltons.
- 8. The protamine of claim 7, wherein said bioactive protamine has a molecular weight of about 1200 Daltons.
- 14. (Amended) A composition comprising at least a first purified bioactive protamine in accordance with claim 1.
- 15. The composition of claim 14, wherein said composition comprises at least a first and at least a second purified bioactive protamine.
- 16. The composition of claim 15, wherein said composition comprises a plurality of purified bioactive protamines.

- 17. (Amended) The composition of claim 14, further comprising at least one additional biologically active agent.
- 18. (Amended) The composition of claim 17, further comprising at least one additional coagulant.
- 19. (Amended) The composition of claim 17, further comprising at least a first therapeutic protein or polypeptide.
- 20. The composition of claim 19, further comprising insulin.
- 21. The composition of claim 20, further comprising recombinant insulin.
- 22. (Amended) The composition of claim 20, further comprising human insulin.
- 23. (Amended) The composition of claim 14, wherein said composition is a pharmaceutical composition.
- 24. (Amended) The composition of claim 23, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is formulated for injection.
- 35. (Amended) A method of preparing at least a first bioactive protamine, that has a low molecular weight and that has reduced immunoresponsiveness or toxicity compared to native protamine, comprising contacting a native protamine composition with at least a first proteolytic composition comprising an amount of at least a first proteolytic enzyme effective to produce said at least a first bioactive protamine.
- 36. The method of claim 35, wherein said at least a first proteolytic composition comprises at least a first thermolysin enzyme.
- 37. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein said at least a first proteolytic composition comprises at least a first ficin enzyme.
- 38. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein said at least a first proteolytic composition comprises at least a first collagenase enzyme.

- 39. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein said at least a first proteolytic composition comprises at least a first kallikrein enzyme.
- 40. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein said at least a first proteolytic composition comprises at least a first proline-specific endopeptidase enzyme.
- 41. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein said at least a first proteolytic composition comprises at least a first and at least a second proteolytic enzyme.
- 42. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein said at least a first proteolytic enzyme is removed after said at least a first bioactive protamine is produced.
- 43. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein at least a first and a second bioactive protamine is produced.
- 44. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein a plurality of bioactive protamines are produced.
- 45. (Amended) The method of claim 35, wherein the at least a first bioactive protamine produced has a molecular weight of between about 450 Daltons and about 1350 Daltons.
- 46. (Amended) The method of claim 35, further comprising formulating the at least a first bioactive protamine produced in a pharmaceutically acceptable composition.
- 48. A method of selecting an improved low molecular weight protamine species or fraction, comprising selecting from a plurality of low molecular weight protamine species or fractions a low molecular weight protamine species or fraction that substantially retains the bioactivity of native protamine and that has substantially reduced immunoresponsiveness or toxicity compared to native protamine.
- 49. The method of claim 48, wherein said plurality of low molecular weight protamine species or fractions are prepared by contacting a native protamine composition with at least a first proteolytic enzyme.
- 50. (Amended) The method of claim 48, further comprising formulating the improved low molecular weight protamine species or fraction selected in a pharmaceutically acceptable composition.

- 52. (Amended) A kit comprising at least a first container that comprises at least a first purified bioactive protamine in accordance with claim 1.
- 53. (Amended) The kit of claim 52, further comprising at least one additional anticoagulant.
- 54. The kit of claim 53, wherein said at least one anticoagulant is heparin or low molecular weight heparin.
- 55. (Amended) A method of inactivating heparin or low molecular weight heparin, comprising contacting heparin or low molecular weight heparin with a biologically effective amount of at least a first purified bioactive protamine in accordance with claim 1.
- 56. The method of claim 55, wherein said heparin or low molecular weight heparin is located within a mammal and said composition is administered to said mammal.
- 57. (Amended) A method of ameliorating an effect of heparin or low molecular weight heparin in a mammal, comprising administering to said mammal a therapeutically effective amount of at least a first pharmaceutical composition comprising at least a first purified bioactive protamine in accordance with claim 1.
- 58. (Amended) A method for treating or preventing undue or excessive bleeding in a mammal, comprising administering to a mammal having or at risk for developing excessive bleeding a therapeutically effective amount of at least a first pharmaceutical composition comprising at least a first purified bioactive protamine in accordance with claim 1.
- 59. (Amended) The method of claim 58, wherein said mammal exhibits excessive bleeding associated with systemic heparinization.
- 60. (Amended) The method of claim 58, wherein said mammal exhibits excessive bleeding associated with extracorporeal blood circulation.
- 61. (Amended) The method of claim 58, wherein said mammal exhibits excessive bleeding associated with a disease or disorder.
- 62. (Amended) The method of claim 58, wherein said mammal exhibits excessive bleeding associated with a trauma or surgery.

- 63. (Amended) The method of claim 58, wherein at least a second coagulant is further administered to said mammal.
- 64. (Amended) A method of prolonging the bioavailability of insulin upon administration to a mammal, comprising co-administering insulin to a mammal in combination with an effective amount of a protamine composition that comprises at least a first purified bioactive protamine in accordance with claim 1.
- 65. (Amended) A method for treating or preventing diabetes in a mammal, comprising administering insulin to a mammal having or at risk for developing diabetes in combination with a therapeutically effective amount of a protamine composition that comprises at least a first purified bioactive protamine in accordance with claim 1.
- 66. (Amended) The method of claim 64, wherein said insulin and said protamine composition are administered to said mammal in a single pharmaceutical composition.
- 67. (Amended) The method of claim 64, wherein said insulin and said protamine composition are administered to said mammal in distinct pharmaceutical compositions.
- 68. (Amended) The method of claim 56, wherein said mammal is a human subject.